

Ronald Reagan Presidential Foundation & Institute

2021 National Defense Survey Executive Summary



Prepared by Beacon Research and Shaw & Company Research, November 2021

About the Survey



Mode	Combined telephone (n=998) and online panel (n=1525) survey. Telephone interviews conducted by trained professionals calling landlines (49%) and cellphones (51%).
Sample	2,523 U.S. Adults.
Dates	October 25 – November 7, 2021.
Weights	Slight weights were applied to ensure the sample accurately reflects the demographic profile of the U.S. population.
Margin of Error	±2% at the 95% confidence level for the entire sample. Most questions were split sampled (n≈1250, ±2.8%). The margin of error for subgroups is higher.
Research Partnership	BEACON R E S E A R C H
Note	Some data may not add to 100% due to rounding.



POLITICAL ENVIRONMENT





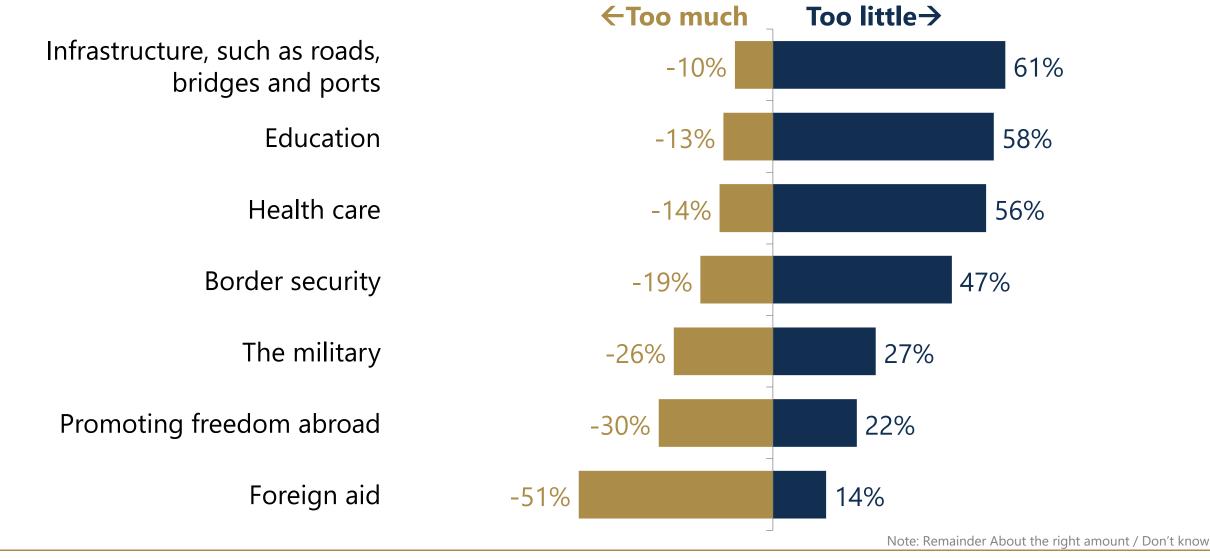
Note: Remainder Don't know

Just one-third think U.S. is headed in right direction.



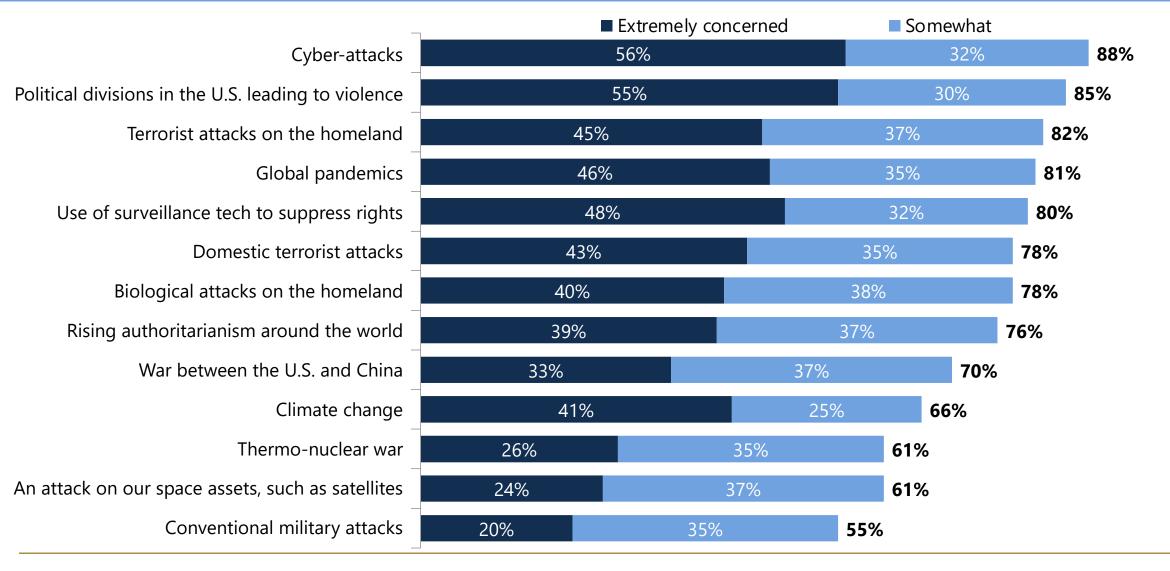
On balance, support for increased spending on infrastructure, education, healthcare, and border security.





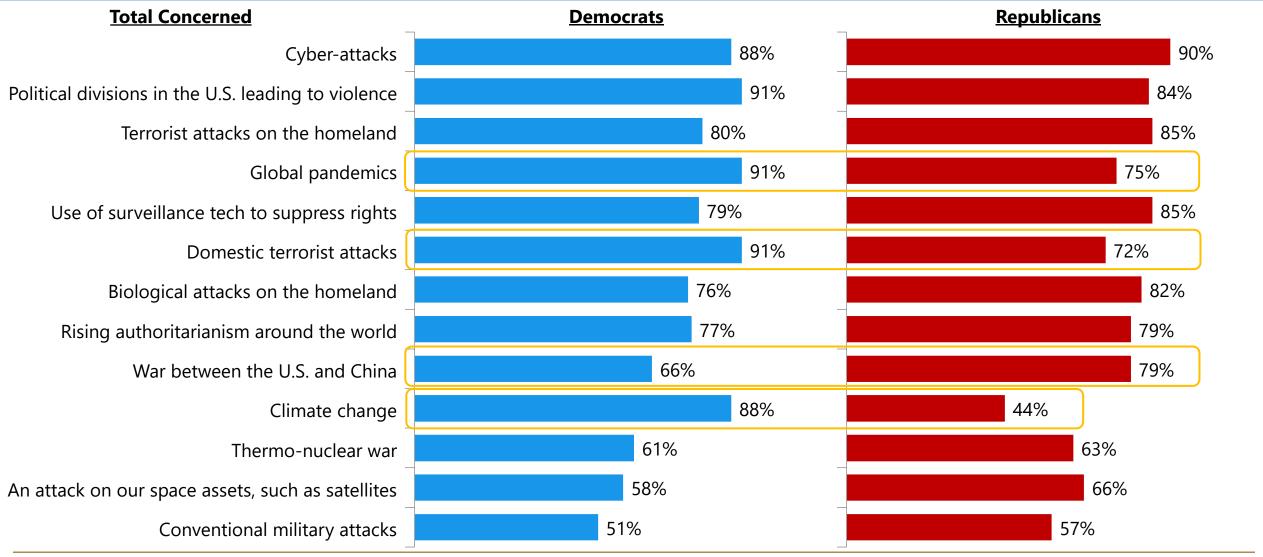
Deep concern about a wide variety of threats, with cyberattacks and political violence atop the list.





Partisans share similar concerns about most threats—save a few concerns.





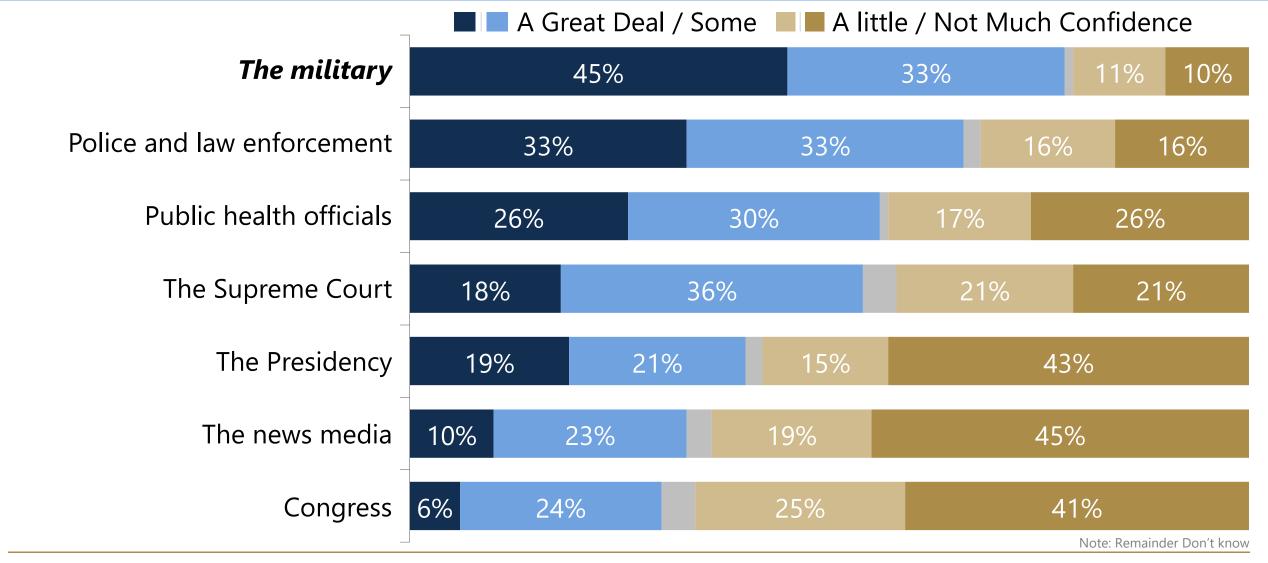


CONFIDENCE IN MILITARY



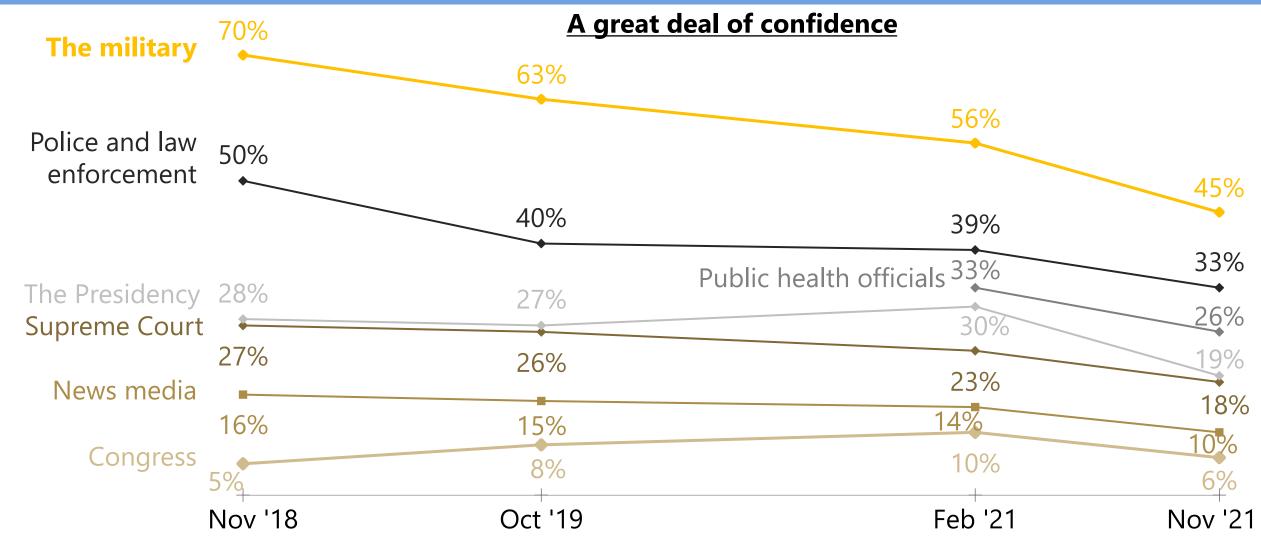
Military remains the most-trusted institution; media and Congress inspire little confidence.





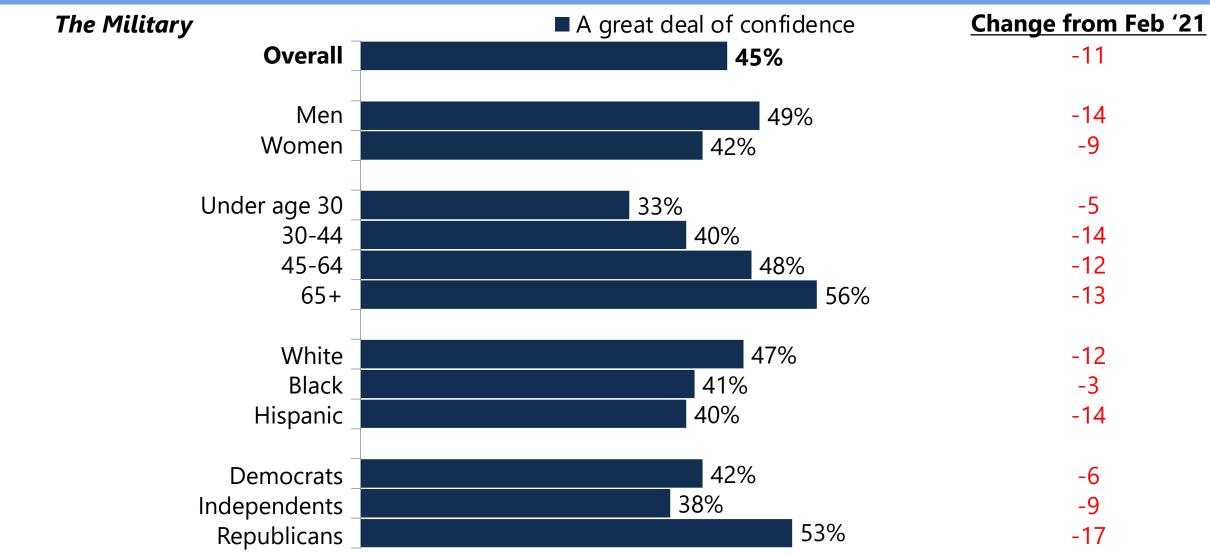


Confidence in the military down for third consecutive year.



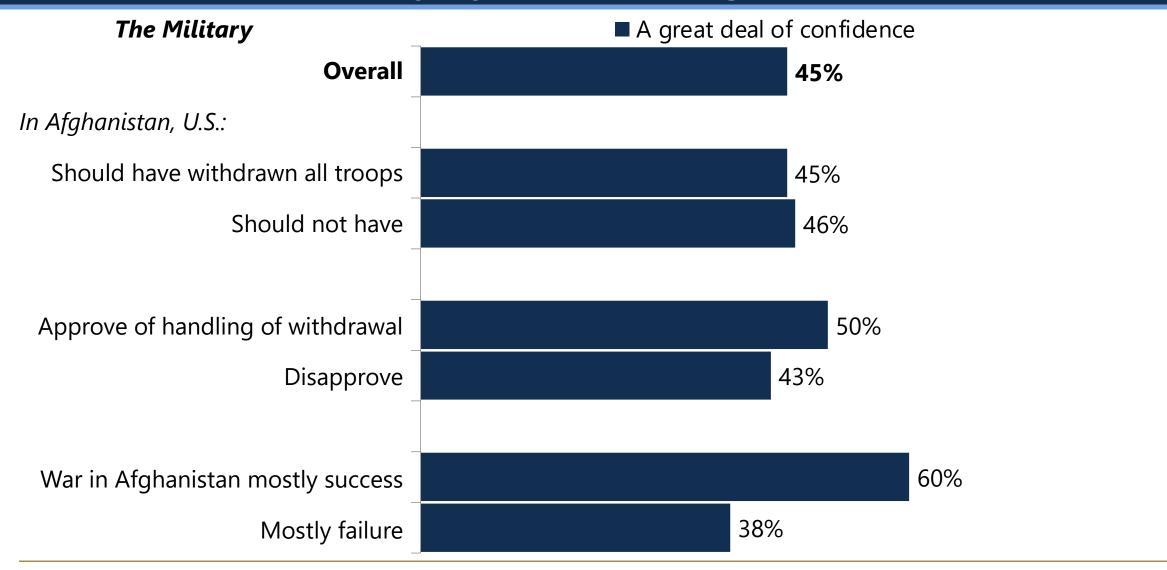


Confidence in military among subgroups





Confidence in military by views on Afghanistan





Reasons for high confidence in military

Among those with a great deal of confidence

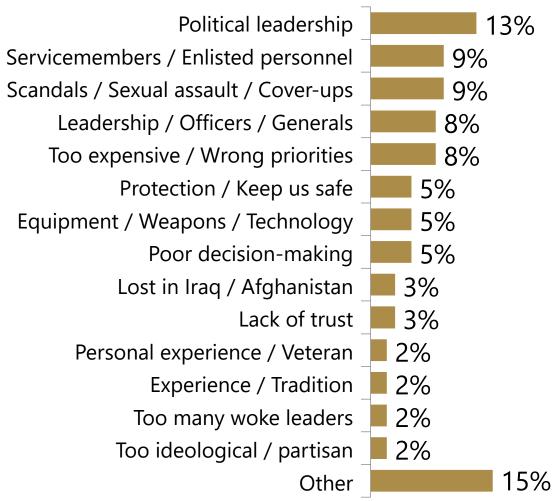


Note: Asked as an open-ended question. Responses under 2% are not shown.



Reasons for low confidence in military

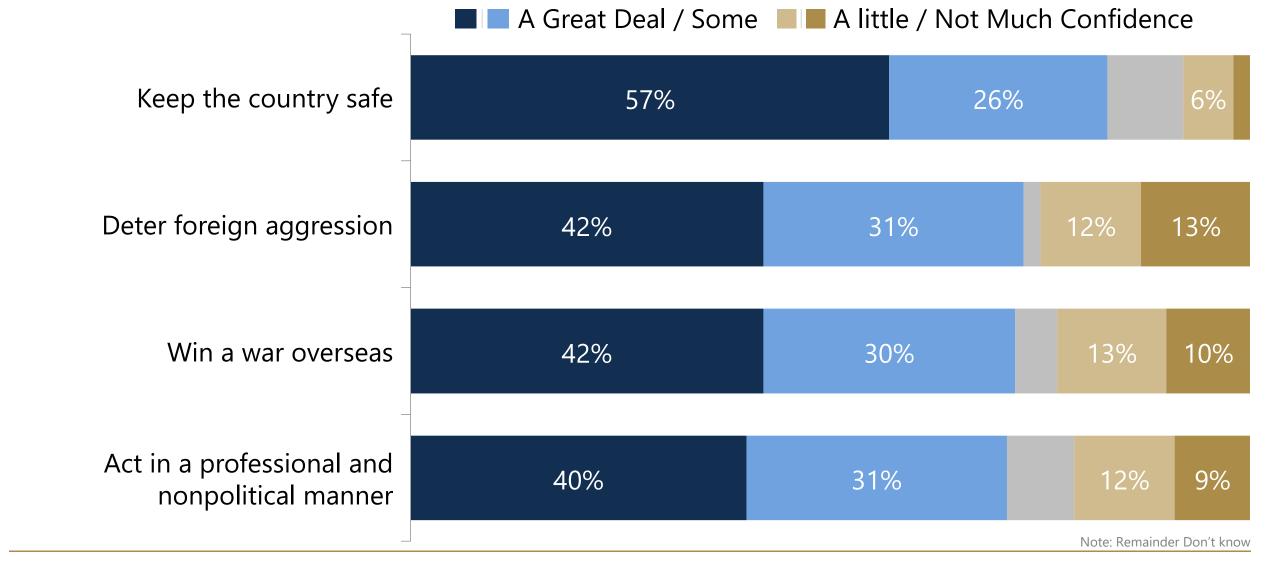
Among those with a little / not much confidence



Note: Asked as an open-ended question. Responses under 2% are not shown.

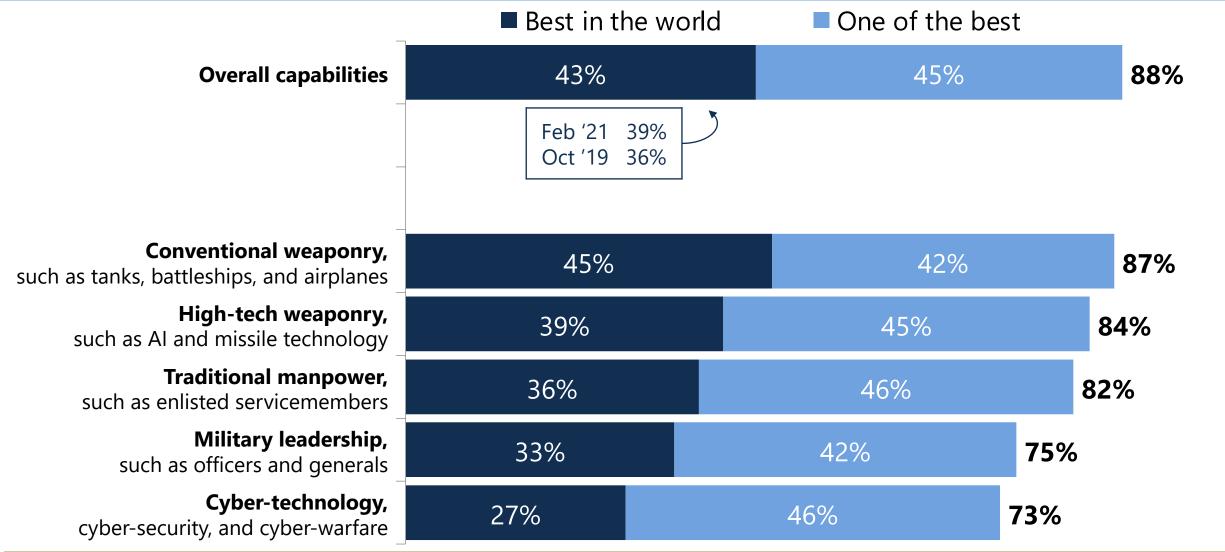
Higher degree of confidence in military's ability to keep country safe.





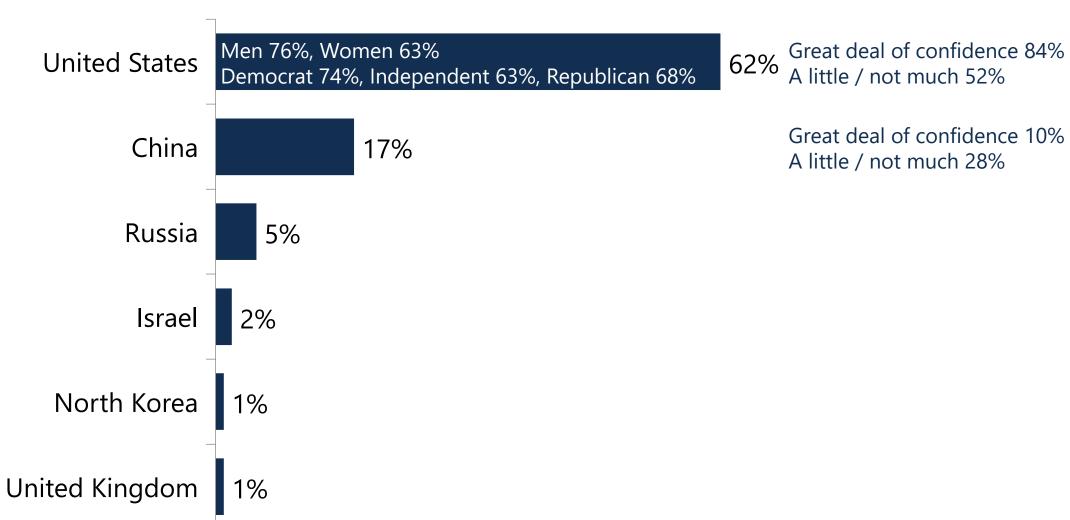


Evaluations of U.S. military capabilities



When pushed to choose, six-in-ten believe U.S. has best overall capabilities.





Note: Remainder Other / Not sure

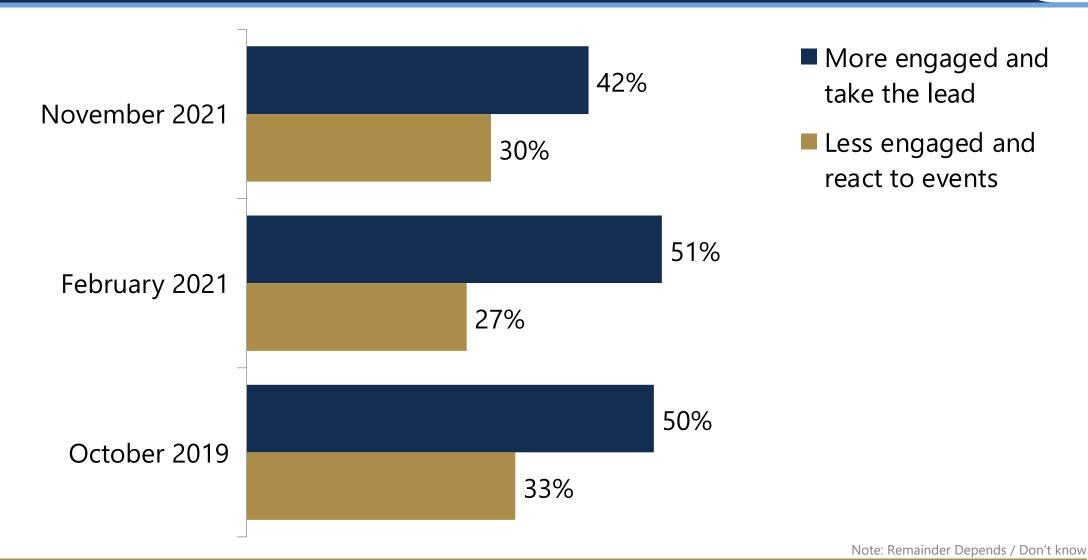


INTERNATIONAL POSTURE



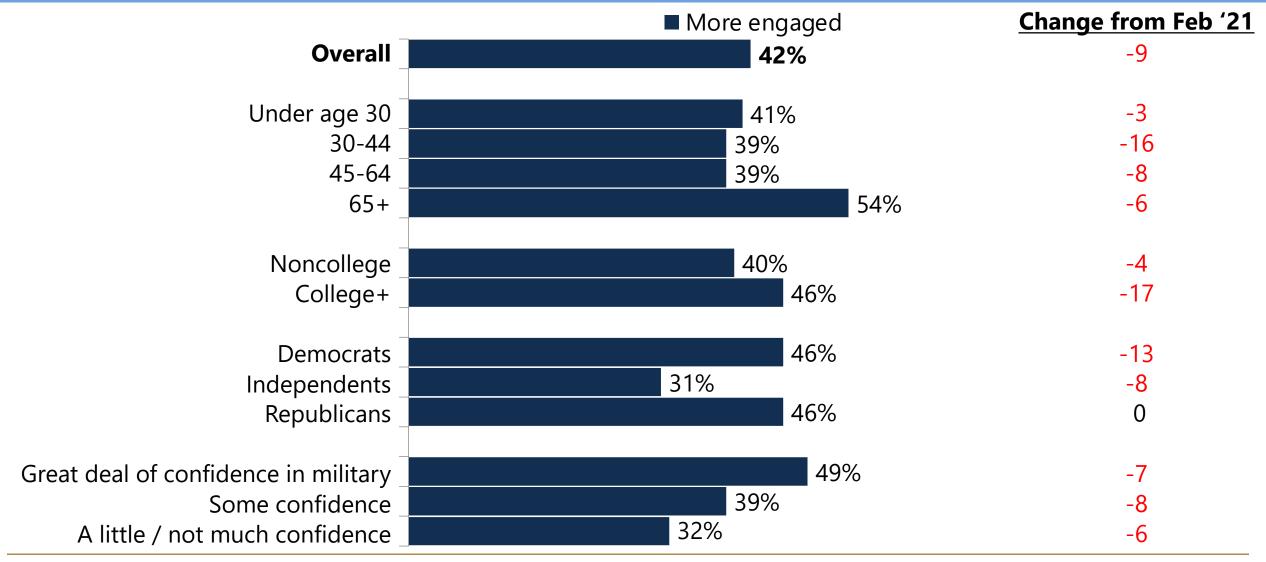
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Decrease in support for an engaged U.S. foreign policy.



Change in support for engaged foreign policy, by subgroup

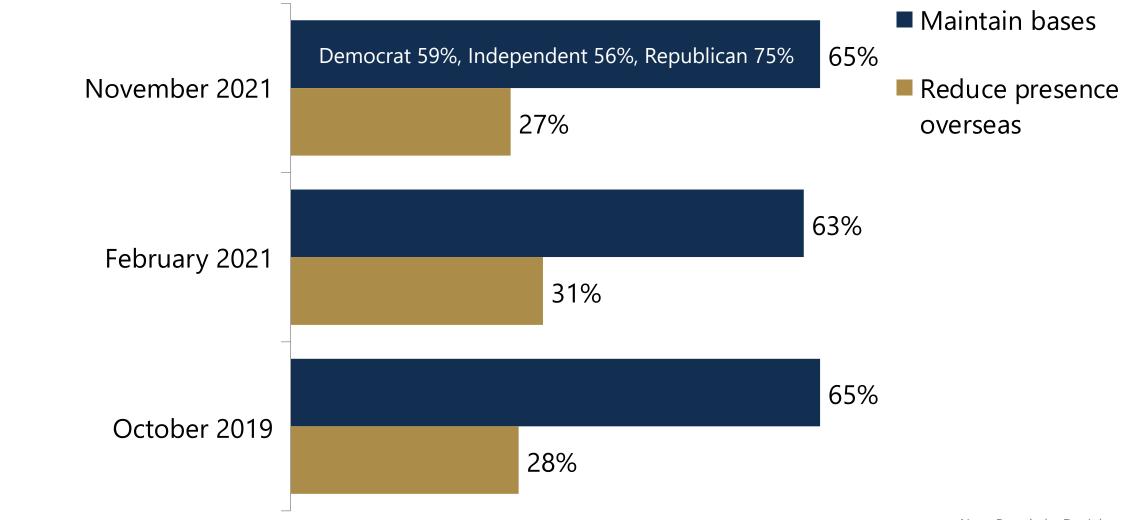




Q33. When it comes to international events, do you think it is better for the United States to be more engaged and take the lead, or to be less engaged and react to events?

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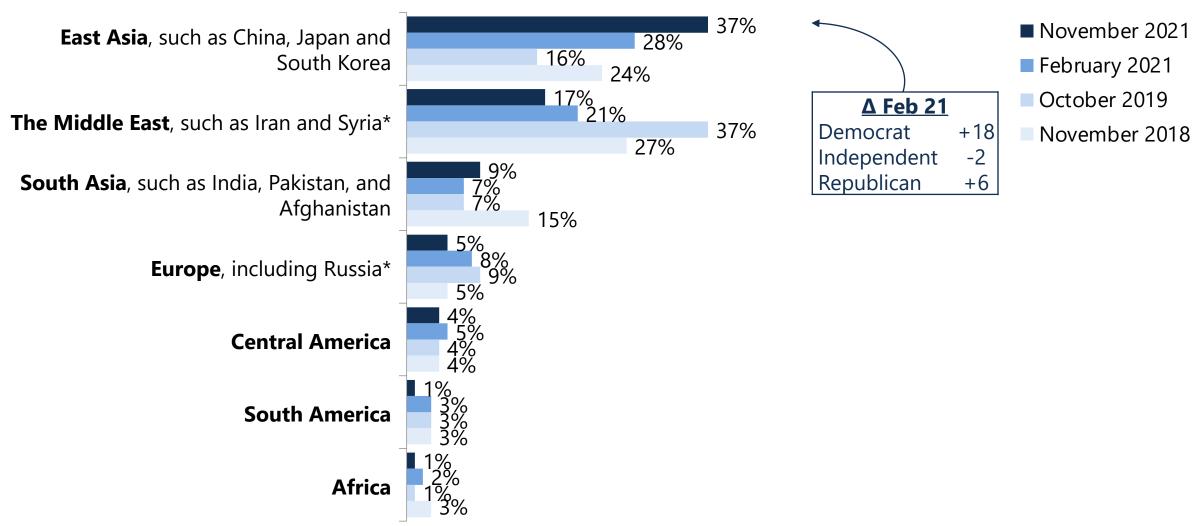
Steady, bipartisan support for maintaining bases overseas.



Note: Remainder Don't know

East Asia overtakes the Middle East as area US should focus its military forces.



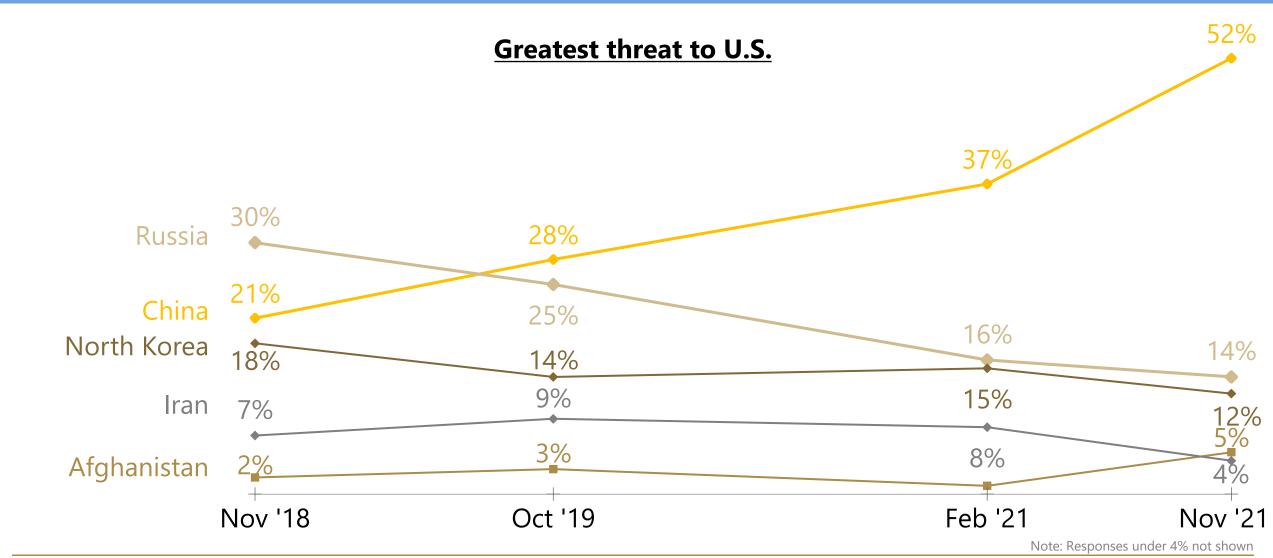


*2018 survey did not specify "including Russia" and "such as Iran and Syria"

Note: Remainder Don't know

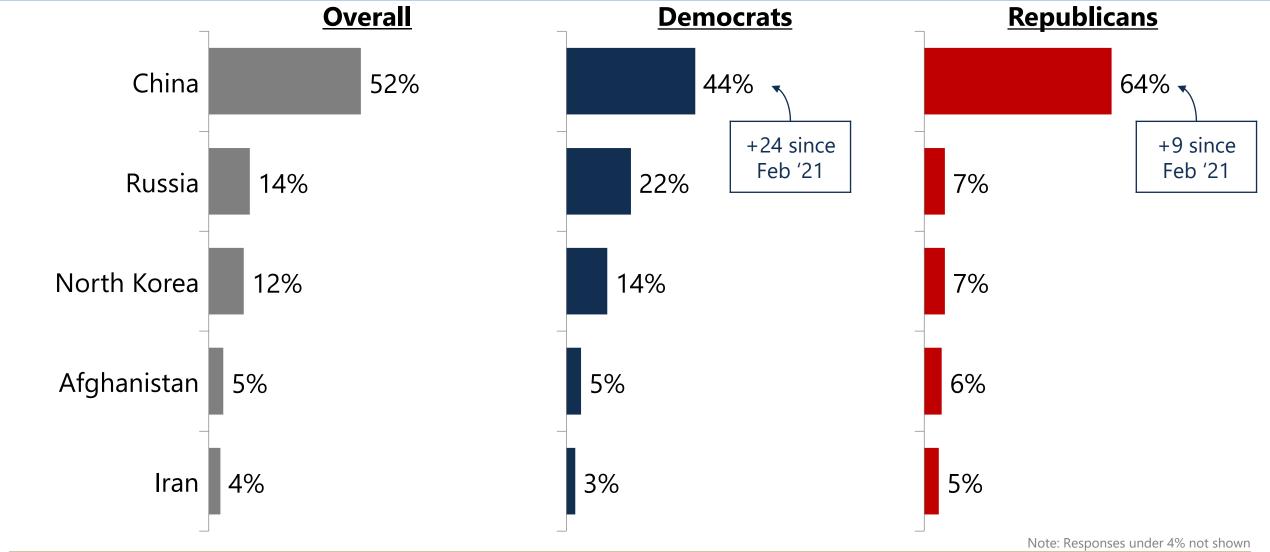


After sharp uptick, majority sees China as greatest threat.



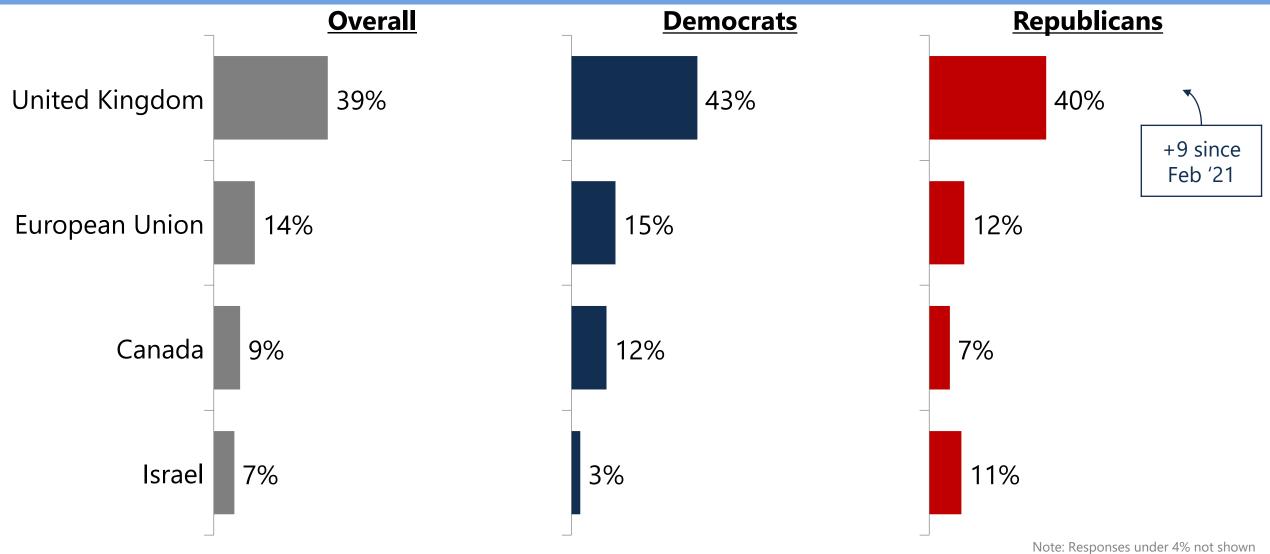
Bipartisan agreement on China as greatest threat; particular increase in concern among Democrats.





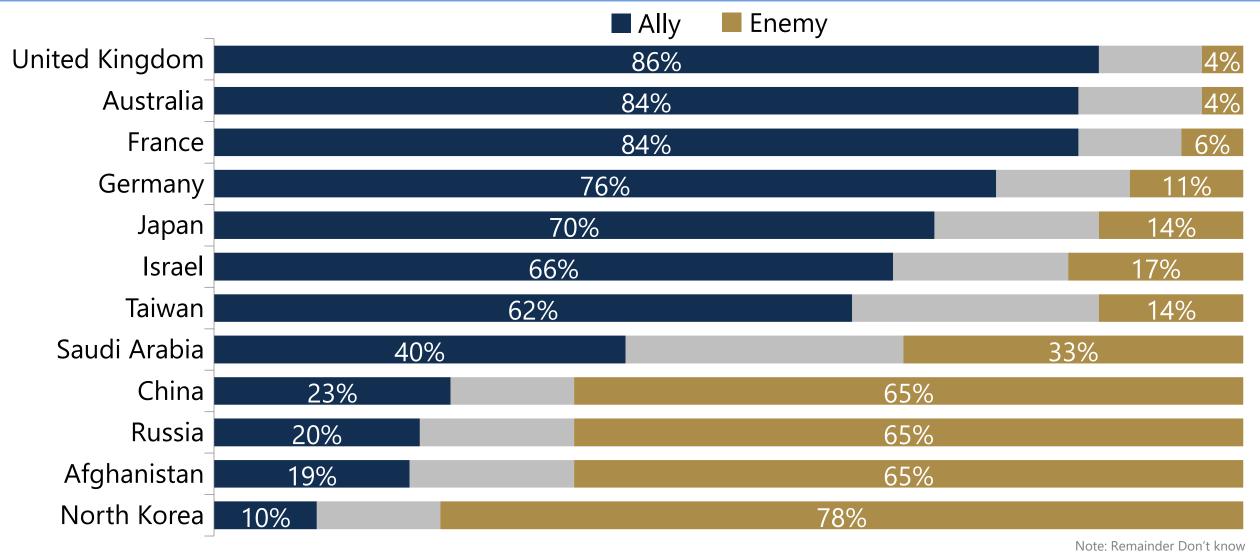


Four-in-ten see the UK as greatest ally.





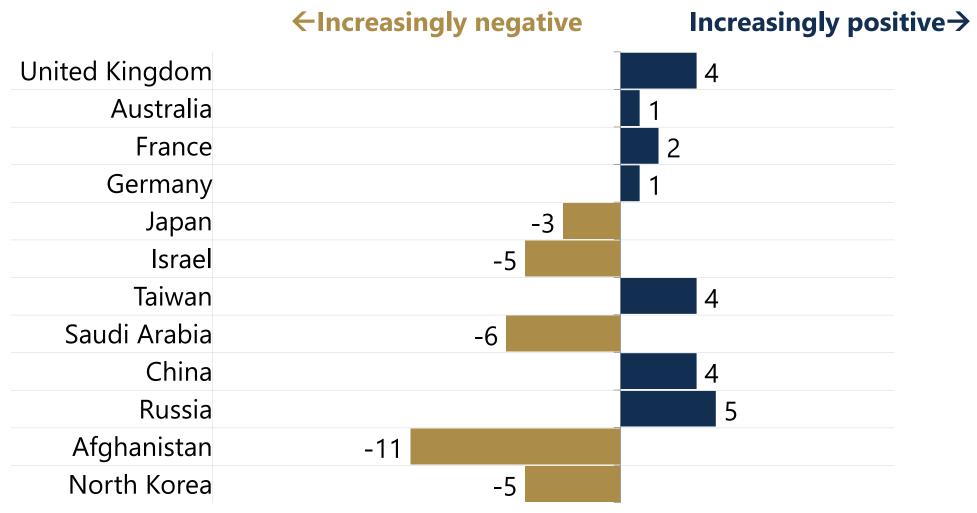
Overview of Allies and Enemies





Shifts in Views toward Allies and Enemies

Change in Net Rating (Ally-Enemy) From Feb '21



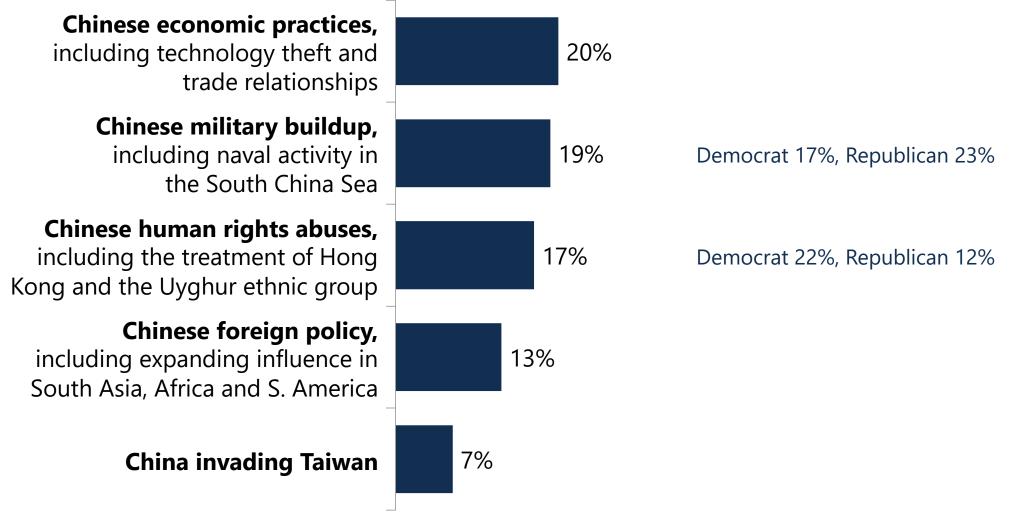


CHINA





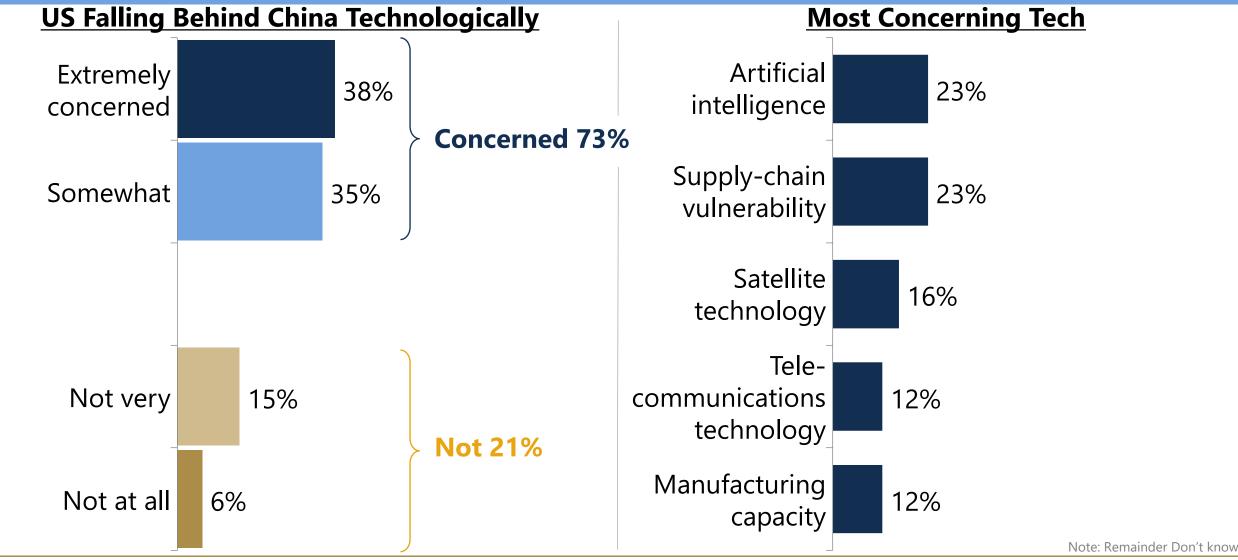
Diverse range of concerns over China.



Note: Remainder All / Mix / Don't know

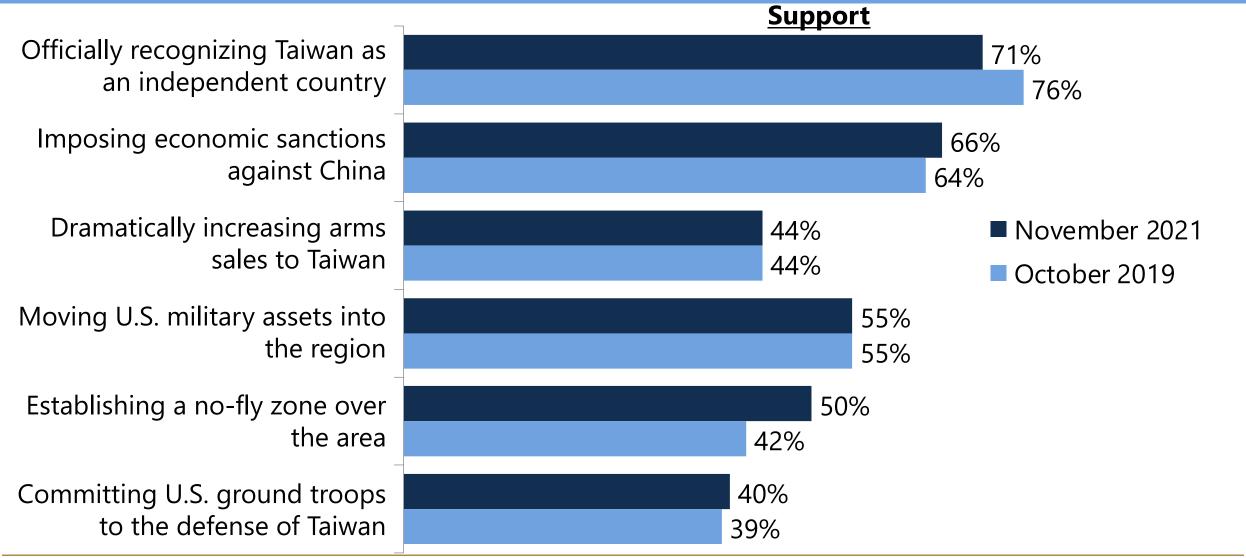


Widespread concern about technological gap with China.





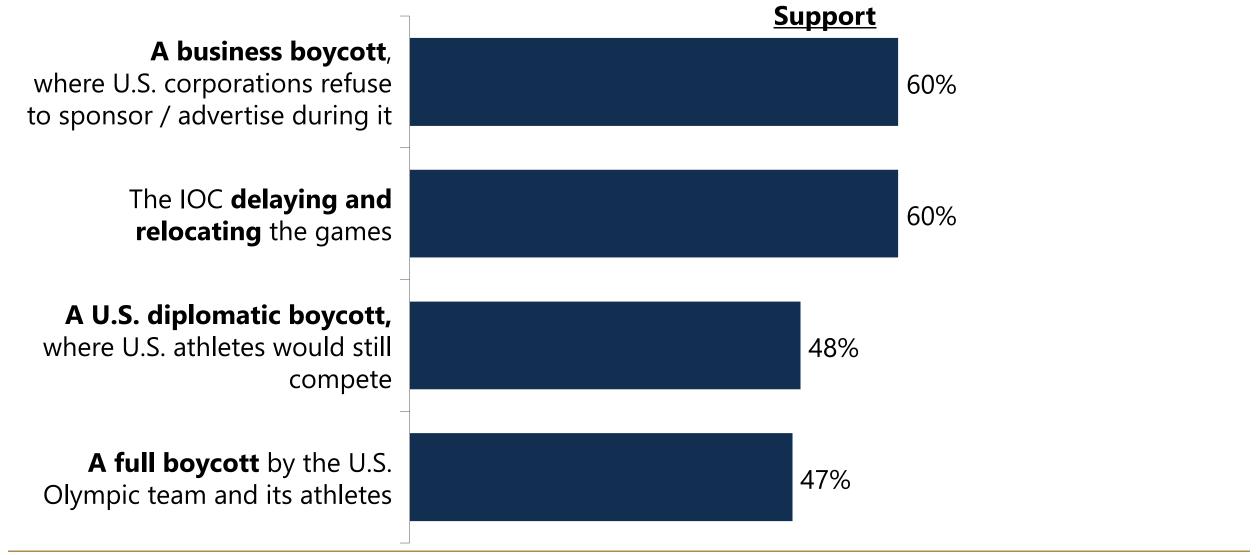
Little change in views on Taiwan contingencies since 2019.



Q72-Q77. As you may know, although official Chinese policy is that Taiwan is part of China, Taiwan has operated relatively independently for decades. If China invaded Taiwan, please tell me if you would support/oppose the United States coming to Taiwan's defense in each of the following ways.

Six-in-ten support relocating the Winter Olympics; half back a boycott.

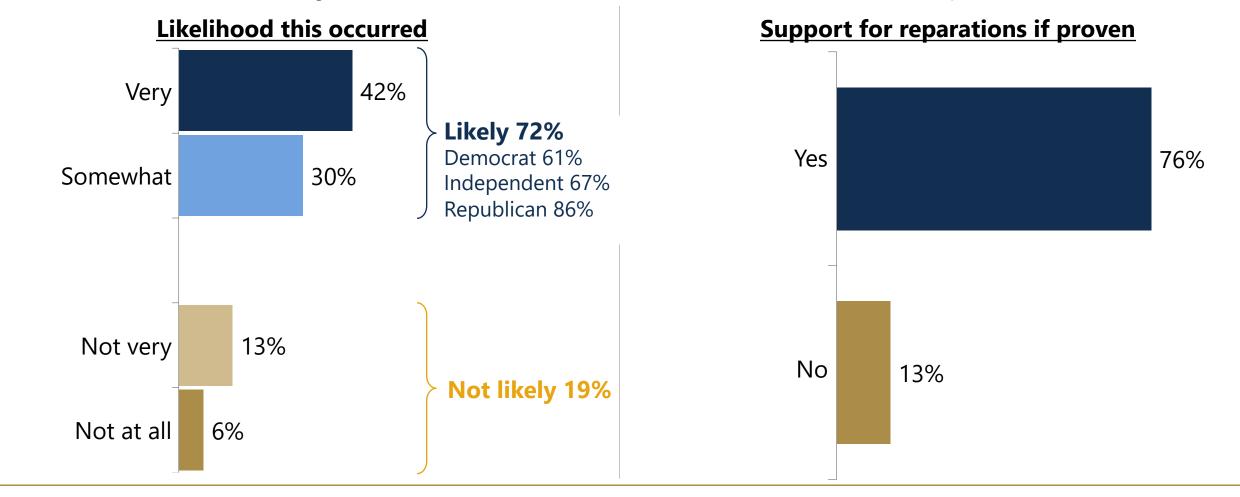




Three-quarters think a lab leak as the origin of COVID-19 is at least somewhat likely.



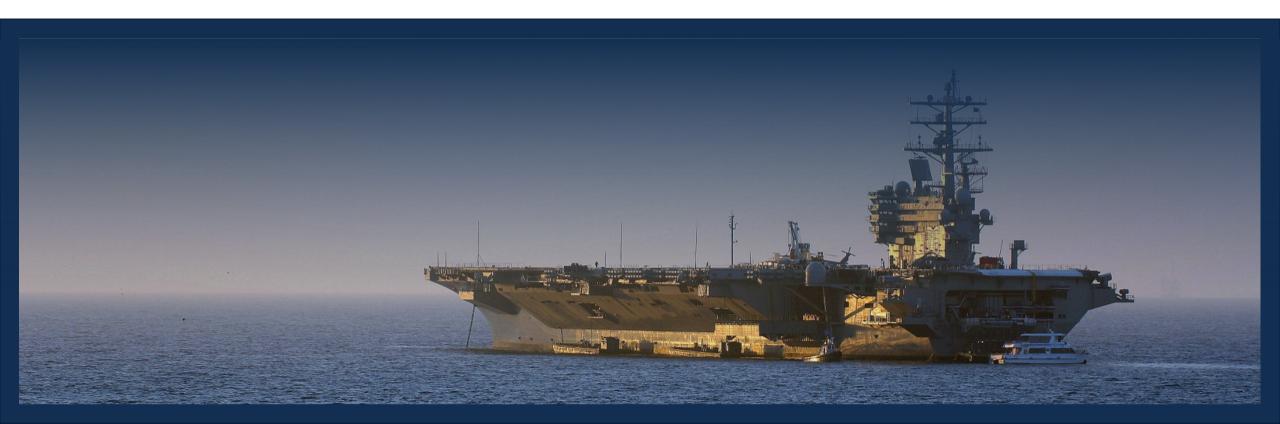
Question frame: Some believe the coronavirus was developed by scientists working at a Wuhan lab, but accidentally leaked, and the Chinese government then hid and lied about the leak to international public health officials.



Q84. How likely is it that this occurred? AND Q85. If proven, do you think China should pay reparations to other nations as a penalty?

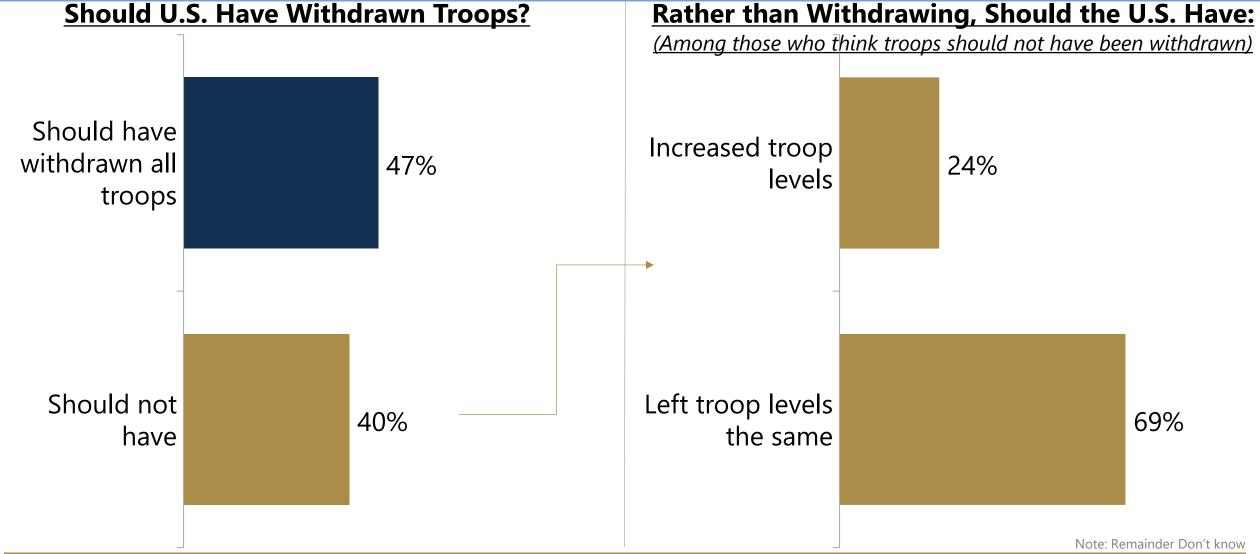


AFGHANISTAN



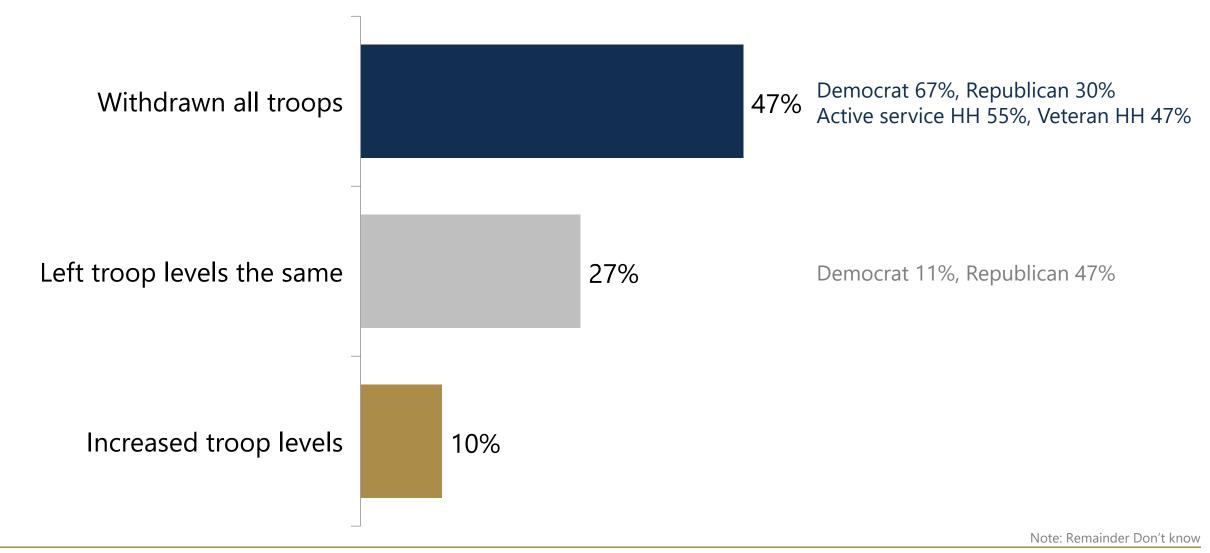
Nearly half think U.S. should have withdrawn all troops from Afghanistan.





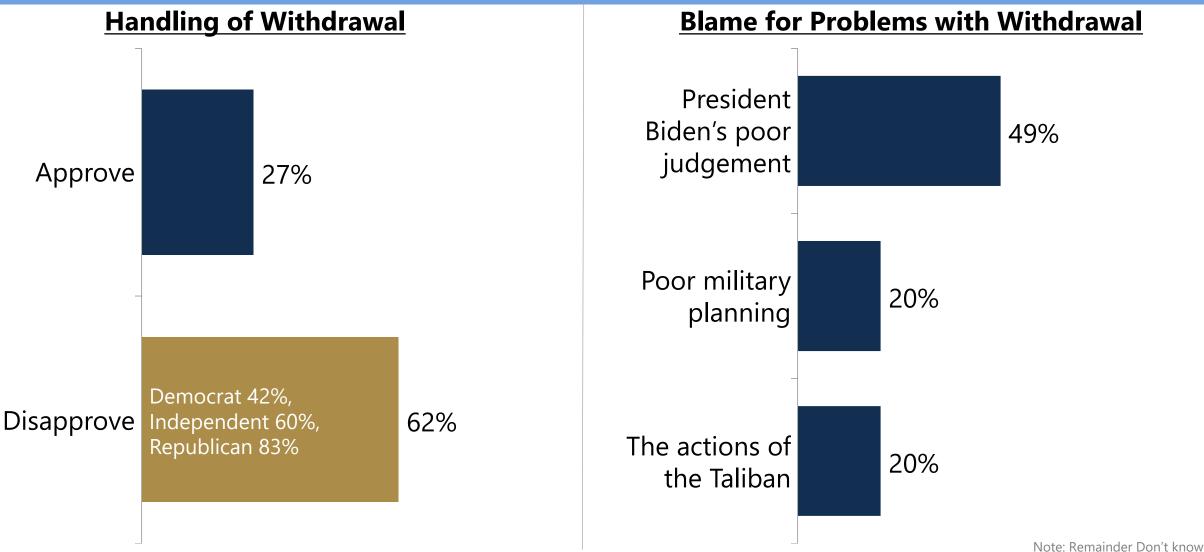
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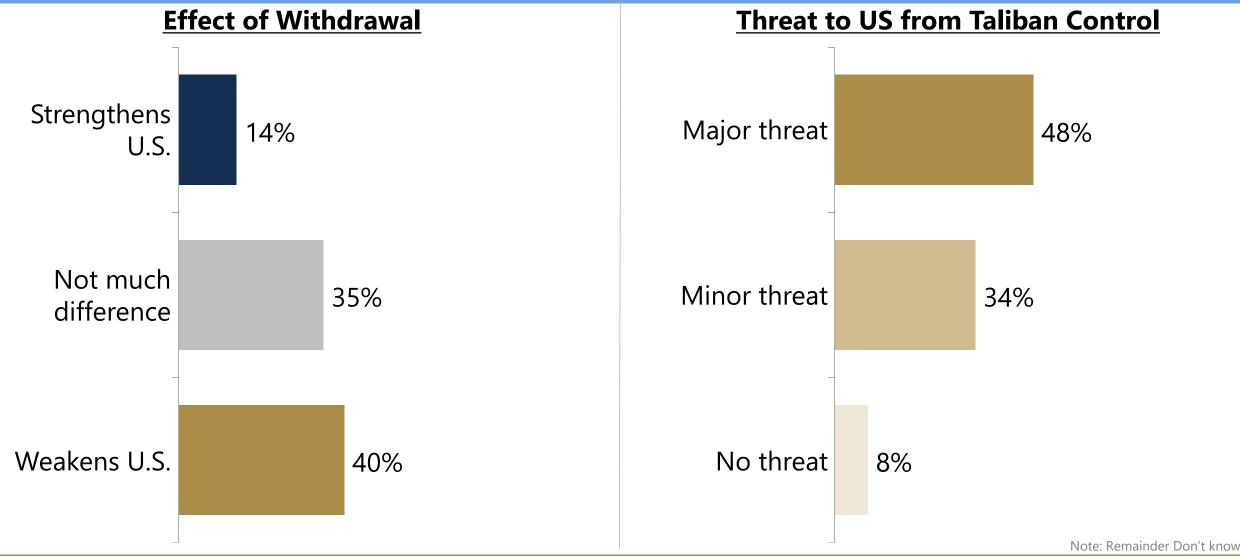
...but six-in-ten disapprove of how withdrawal was handled, and Biden gets lion's share of blame.





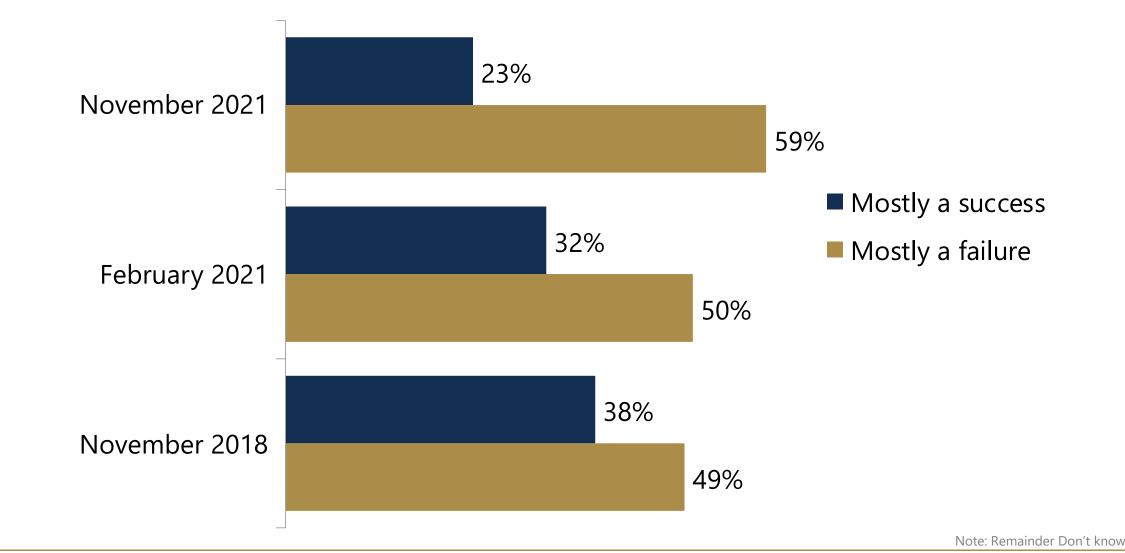
Withdrawal is seen as weakening U.S. on balance; most think Taliban control poses a threat.





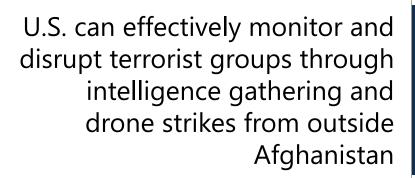


Fewer see war in Afghanistan as a success.



Nearly half think U.S. can disrupt terrorist activity in Afghanistan from afar.

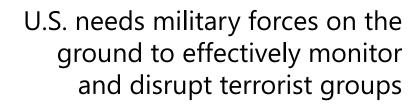






Democrat 60% Independent 44% Republican 30%

Service member HH 56% Veteran HH 49%

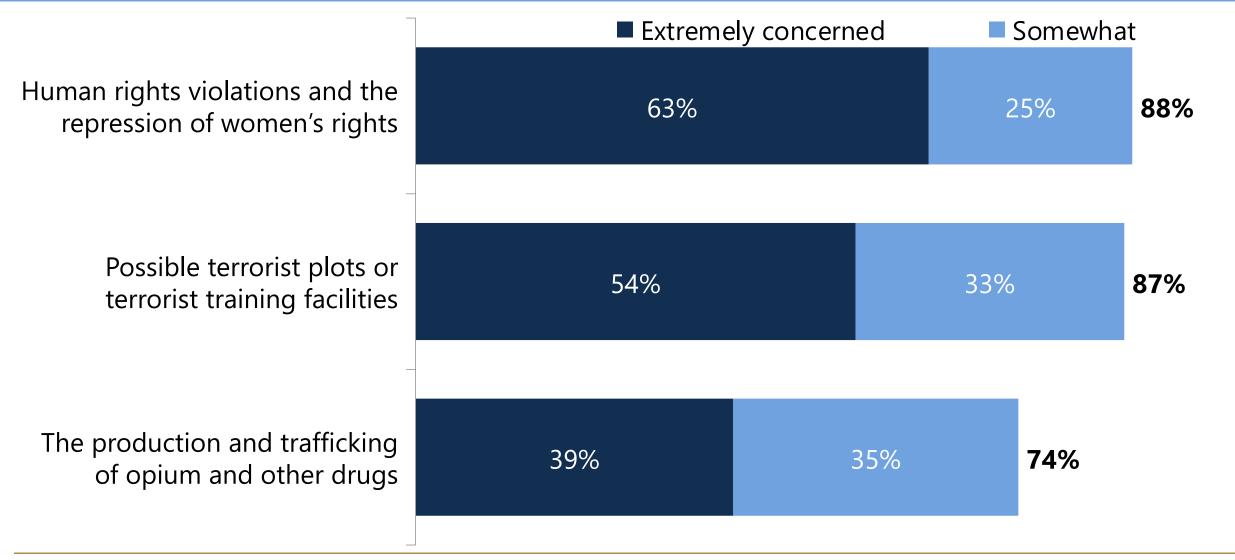




Note: Remainder Don't know



Human rights top the list of concerns about Afghanistan.



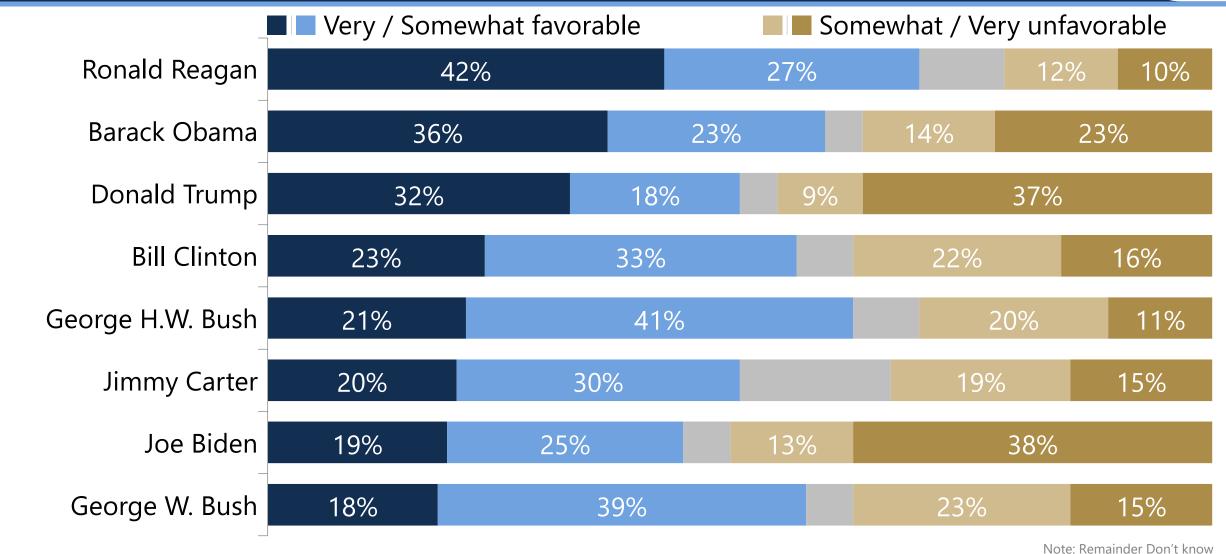


EVALUATIONSOF PRESIDENTS



NON BUSINESSIDE

Reagan viewed most favorably among recent presidents.



Q99-Q106. Thinking now about recent presidents, please tell me if you have a very favorable, somewhat favorable, somewhat unfavorable, or very unfavorable opinion of each one I mention.

FOR MORE INFORMATION, CONTACT



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